

This Safety Data Sheet complies with Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, 1272/2008, ISO 11014-1 and ANSI Z400.1

### Spoolarc 29S

Issued: 2016-06-22

### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Trade name

Spoolarc 29S

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use

Arc Welding

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

SDS created by

**TDST** 

Supplier

**ESAB DENTON** 

Street address

2800 Airport Road

Denton, TX 76207

Telephone

1-800-372-2123

Email

sds.esab@esab.se

Web site

www.esab.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

**Emergency phone number** 

1-800-372-2123

Available outside office hours

No

Other

Classification(s): A5.17, EM13K; A5.18, ER70S-3

#### **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The product is not classified

2.2. Label elements

The product do not require labeling

#### 2.3. Other hazards

Metal wire or rods in varying colours. This product is normally not considered hazardous as shipped. Gloves should be worn when handling to prevent cuts and abrasions.

Skin contact is normally no hazard but should be avoided to prevent possible allergic reactions. Persons with a pacemaker should not go near welding or cutting operations until they have consulted their doctor and obtained information from the manufacturer of the device. When this product is used in a welding process, the most important hazards are welding fumes, heat, radiation and electric shock. Fumes: Overexposure to welding fumes may result in symptoms like metal fume fever, dizziness, nausea, dryness or irritation of the nose, throat or eyes. Chronic overexposure to welding fumes may affect pulmonary function. Overexposure to manganese and manganese compounds above safe exposure limits can cause irreversible damage to the central nervous system, including the brain,



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symptoms of which may include slurred speech, lethargy, tremor, muscular weakness, psychological disturbances and spastic gait Heat: Spatter and melting metal can cause burn injuries and start fires.

Radiation: Arc rays can severely damage eyes or skin.

Electricity: Electric shock can kill.

### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.2. Mixtures

Chemical name	CAS No. EC No. REACH No.	Concentration	Classification	R-phrase H-phrase
Iron	7439-89-6 231-096-4 01-2119462838 - 24	>95%	1 -	-
Manganese	7439-96-5 231-105-1 01-2119449803 - 34	1 - 2%	-	-
Carbon	7440-44-0 231-153-3 -	<0,5%	-	-
Copper	7440-50-8 231-159-6 01-2119480154 - 42	<0,5%	-	-
Silicon	7440-21-3 231-130-8 -	<0,5%	-	-

Product based on

This product is continuous metal wires and solid metal rods.

### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation	If breathing has stopped, perform artificial respiration and obtain medical assistance immediately! If breathing is difficult, provide fresh air and call physician.
Skin contact	For skin burns from arc radiation, promptly flush with cold water. Get medical attention for burns or irritations that persist. To remove dust or particles wash with mild soap and water.
Eye contact	For radiation burns due to arc flash, see physician. To remove dusts or fumes flush with water for

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Not applicable

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Not applicable

#### Other

Electric shock: Disconnect and turn off the power. Use a nonconductive material to pull victim away from contact with live parts or wires.



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If not breathing, begin artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth. If no detectable pulse, begin CPR Call a physician immediately.

General: Move to fresh air and call for medical aid.

### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

No specific recommendations for welding consumables. Welding arcs and sparks can ignite combustible and flammable materials. Use the extinguishing media recommended for the burning materials and fire situation.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Not applicable

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus as fumes or vapors may be harmful.

#### **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Refer to Section 8.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Refer to Section 13.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Solid objects may be picked up and placed into a container. Liquids or pastes should be scooped up and placed into a container. Wear proper protective equipment while handling these materials. Do not discard as refuse.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Refer to section 8/13

### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Preventive handling precautions

Handle with care to avoid stings and cuts. Wear gloves when handling welding consumables. Avoid exposure to dust. Do not ingest. Some individuals can develop an allergic reaction to certain materials. Retain all warning and identity labels.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep separate from chemical substances like acids and strong bases, which could cause chemical reactions.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Arc Welding



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### **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### 8.1. Control parameters

**Exposure limits** 

Use industrial hygiene monitoring equipment to ensure that exposure does not exceed applicable national exposure limits. The following limits can be used as guidance. Unless noted, all values are for 8 hour time weighted averages (TWA).

For information about welding fume analysis refer to Section 10.

# National occupational exposure limits

Ingredient	CAS no.	EC No.	Expos e limit mg/m3 ppm		Shor m ex re lin mg/n ppm	posu nit n3-	Ceilin xpos imit mg/m ppm	ure I	Remark	Source	Year
Iron	7439-8 9-6	231-0 96-4	-	-	-	-	-	-	NO PEL	OSHA	2016
Manganese	7439-9 6-5	231-1 05-1	1	-	-	,	5	-	as Mn (met al and fum e)	OSHA	2016
Silicon	7440-2 1-3	231-1 30-8	15	-	-	1	-	-	Total dust	OSHA	2016
Silicon	7440-2 1-3	231-1 30-8	5	-	-	-	-	-	respirable f raction	OSHA	2016
Copper	7440-5 0-8	231-1 59-6	0,1	-	-	-	-	-	as Cu(fum e)	OSHA	2016
Copper	7440-5 0-8	231-1 59-6	1	-	-	-	-	-	as Cu(dust, mist)	OSHA	2016
Carbon	7440-4 4-0	231-1 53-3	-	-	-	1	-	-	NO PEL	OSHA	2016

#### 8.2. Exposure controls

**Technical precaution measures** 

Avoid exposure to welding fumes, radiation, spatter, electric shock, heated materials and dust.

Respiratory protection

Ensure sufficient ventilation, local exhaust, or both, to keep welding fumes and gases from breathing zone and general area.

#### Other

Keep working place and protective clothing clean and dry.

Train welders to avoid contact with live electrical parts and insulate conductive parts. Check condition of protective clothing and equipment on a regular basis.

#### Personal protective equipment

Use respirator or air supplied respirator when welding or brazing in a confined space, or where local exhaust or ventilation is not sufficient to keep exposure values within safe limits. Use special care when welding painted or coated steels since hazardous substances from the coating may be emitted. Wear hand, head, eyes, ear and body protection like welders gloves, helmet or face shield with filter lens, safety boots, apron, arm and shoulder protection. Keep protective clothing clean and dry.

### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**



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### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

9.1. Illioithation on basic physical	rand chemical properties		
Appearance	Solid, non-volatile with varying color.		
Appearance, colour	Not applicable		
Appearance, physical state	Not applicable		
Auto-ignition temperature	Not applicable		
Decomposition temperature	Not applicable		
Evaporation rate	Not applicable		
Explosive properties	Not applicable		
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable		
Flash point	Not applicable		
Initial boiling point and boiling range	Not applicable		
Melting point	>1000°C/>1800°F		
Melting point / freezing point	Not applicable		
Odour	Not applicable		
Odour treshold	Not applicable		
Oxidising properties	Not applicable		
Partition coefficient: n- octanol / water	Not applicable		
pH value	Not applicable		
Relative density	Not applicable		
Solubility	Not applicable		
Upper / lower flammability or explosive limits	Not applicable		
Vapour density	Not applicable		
Vapour pressure	Not applicable		
Viscosity	Not applicable		

9.2. Other information

Not applicable

## **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

10.1. Reactivity

**Reactivity** Contact with chemical substances like acids or strong bases could cause generation of gas.



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10.2. Chemical stability

**Chemical stability** 

This product is stable under normal conditions.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Not applicable

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Conditions to avoid

This product is only intended for production of welding consumables.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Not applicable

Not applicable

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hazardous decomposition products When this product is used in a welding process, hazardous decomposition products would include those from the volatilization, reaction or oxidation of the materials listed in Section 3 and those from the base metal and coating.

The amount of fumes generated from this product varies with welding parameters and dimensions, but is generally no more than 1 to 13 g/kg consumable. Reasonably expected fume constituents of this product would include oxides of metals such as Fe, O, Mn, Zr, Si, Al, Cu, C, and Ti.

#### Other

Refer to applicable national exposure limits for fume compounds, including those exposure limits for fume compounds found in Section 8. Manganese has a low exposure limit, in some countries, that may be easily exceeded.

Reasonably expected gaseous products would include carbon oxides, nitrogen oxides and ozone. Air contaminants around the welding area can be affected by the welding process and influence the composition and quantity of fumes and gases produced.

### SECTION 11: Toxicological information

reproductive toxicity

11.1. Information on toxicological effects					
Information on toxicological effects	Inhalation of welding fumes and gases can be dangerous to your health. Classification of welding fumes is difficult because of varying base materials, coatings, air contamination and processes. The International Agency for Research on Cancer has classified welding fumes as possibly carcinogenic to humans (Group 2B).				
acute toxicity	Overexposure to welding fumes may result in symptoms like metal fume fever, dizziness, nausea, dryness or irritation of the nose, throat or eyes.				
skin corrosion/irritation	Not applicable				
serious eye damage/irritation	Not applicable				
Respiratory/skin sensitization	Not applicable				
germ cell mutagenicity	Not applicable				
Genotoxicity	Not applicable				
carcinogenicity	Not applicable				



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STOT-single exposure

Not applicable

STOT-repeated exposure

Not applicable

**Aspiration hazard** 

Not applicable

Other

Long term effect

Overexposure to welding fumes may affect pulmonary function. Overexposure to manganese and manganese compounds above safe exposure limits can cause irreversible damage to the central nervous system, including the brain, symptoms of which may include slurred speech, lethargy, tremor, muscular weakness, psychological disturbances and spastic gait

### **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

12.1. Toxicity

Not applicable

12.2. Persistence and degradability

Not applicable

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Not applicable

12.4. Mobility in soil

Not applicable

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Not applicable

12.6. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects

Welding consumables and materials could degrade/weather into components originating from the consumables or from the materials used in the welding process. Avoid exposure to conditions that could lead to accumulation in soils or groundwater.

### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

**Disposal considerations** 

Discard any product, residue, disposable container or liner in an environmentally acceptable manner, in full compliance with federal and local regulations. Use recycling procedures if available. USA RCRA: This product is not considered hazardous waste if discarded.

Residues from welding consumables and processes could degrade and accumulate in soils and groundwater.

### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

14.1. UN number



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Not applicable

14.2. UN proper shipping name

Not applicable

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

Not applicable

14.4. Packing group

Not applicable

14.5. Environmental hazards

Not applicable

14.6. Special precautions for user

Not applicable

14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

seq.)

Not applicable

Other

No international regulations or restrictions are applicable.

### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

# Other regulations, limitations and legal regulations

Canada: WHMIS classification: Class D; Division 2, Subdivision A Canadian Environmental Protection Act (CEPA): All constituents of this product are on the Domestic Substance List (DSL). USA: Under the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, this product is considered hazardous. USA: This product contains or produces a chemical known to the state of California to cause cancer and birth defects (or other reproductive harm). (California Health & Safety Code § 25249.5 et

United States EPA Toxic Substance Control Act: All constituents of this product are on the TSCA inventory list or are excluded from listing.

CERCLA/SARA Title III Reportable Quantities (RQs) and/or Threshold Planning Quantities (TPQs): No ingredients listed in this section.

- Spills or releases resulting in the loss of any ingredient at or above its RQ require immediate notification to the National Response Center and to your Local Emergency Planning Committee. Section 311 Hazard Class

; As shipped: Immediate

In Use: Immediate delayed

The following metallic components are listed as SARA 313 "Toxic Chemicals" and potential subject to annual SARA 313 reporting. See Section 3 for weight percent.

Ingredient name/ Disclosure threshold Copper: 1.0% de minimis concentration Manganese: 1.0% de minimis concentration



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#### Chemical safety assessment

No

#### Other

Read and understand the manufacturer's instructions, your employer's safety practices and the health and safety instructions on the label. Observe any federal and local regulations. Take precautions when welding and protect yourself and others.

WARNING: Welding fumes and gases are hazardous to your health and may damage lungs and other organs. Use adequate ventilation. ELECTRIC SHOCK can kill. ARC RAYS and SPARKS can injure eyes and burn skin.

Wear correct hand, head, eye and body protection.

#### **SECTION 16: Other information**

References to key literature and data sources

Refer to ESAB "Welding and Cutting - Risks and Measures", F52-529 "Precautions and Safe Practices for Electric Welding and Cutting" and F2035 "Precautions and Safe Practices for Gas Welding, Cutting and Heating" available from ESAB, and to: www.esab.com

#### Other

#### **Additional information**

USA: Contact ESAB at www.esabna.com or 1-800 ESAB-123 if you have any questions about this SDS. American National Standard Z49.1 "Safety in Welding and Cutting", ANSI/AWS F1.5 "Methods for Sampling and Analyzing Gases from Welding and Allied Processes", American National Standard Z49.1 "Safety in Welding and Cutting", ANSI/AWS F1.5 "Methods for Sampling and Analyzing Gases from Welding and Allied Processes", ANSI/AWS F1.1 "Method for Sampling Airborne Particles Generated by Welding and Allied Processes", AWSF3.2M/F3.2 "Ventilation Guide for Weld Fume", American Welding Society, 550 North Le Jeune Road, Miami Florida 33135. Safety and Health Fact Sheets available from AWS at www.aws.org.

OSHA Publication 2206 (29 C.F.R. 1910), U.S. Government Printing Office, Superintendent of Documents, P.O. Box 371954, Pittsburgh, PA 15250-7954

American Conference of Governmental Hygienists (ACGIH), Threshold Limit Values and Biological Exposure Indices, 6500 Glenway Ave., Cincinnati, Ohio 45211, USA. American Conference of Governmental Hygienists (ACGIH), Threshold Limit Values and Biological Exposure Indices, 6500 Glenway Ave., Cincinnati, Ohio 45211, USA.

NFPA 51B "Standard for Fire Prevention During Welding, Cutting, and Other Hot Work" published by the National Fire Protection Association, 1 Batterymarch Park, Quincy, MA 02169.

UK: WMA Publication 236 and 237, "Hazards from Welding Fume", "The arc welder at work, some general aspects of health and safety".

Germany: Accident prevention regulation BGV D1, "Welding, cutting and related procedures".

Canada: CSA Standard CAN/CSA-W117.2-01 "Safety in Welding, Cutting, and Allied Processes". This product has been classified according to the hazard criteria of the CPR and the SDS contains all the information required by the CPR.

ESAB requests the users of this product to study this Safety Data Sheet (SDS) and become aware of product hazards and safety information. To promote safe use of this product a user should:

notify its employees, agents and contractors of the information on this SDS and any product hazards/safety information.

furnish this same information to each of its customers for the product.

request such customers to notify employees and customers for the same product hazards and safety information.

The information herein is given in good faith and based on technical data that ESAB believes to be



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